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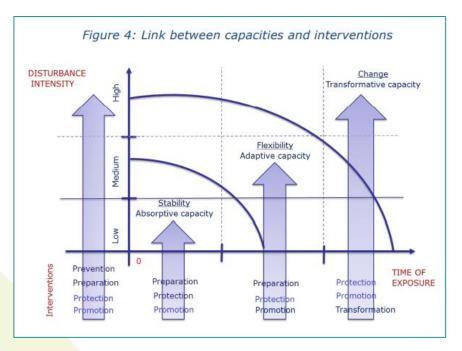
# Reconfigurability and Resilience in manufacturing

Presenter name	Date
Dr T Timan	8 May 2024



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## Resilience as a policy goal



Source: Manca A; Benczur ; Giovannini E. Building a Scientific Narrative Towards a More Resilient EU Society Part 1: a Conceptual Framework . EUR 28548 EN. Luxembourg (Luxembourg): Publications Office of the European Union; 2017. JRC10<mark>5265</mark>

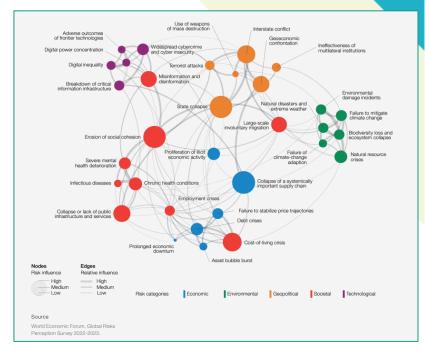
- 'the ability not only to withstand and cope with challenges but also to undergo transitions, in a sustainable, fair, and democratic manner'
- Upgradable and robust manufacturing systems and plants are necessary for flexible, responsive and resilient manufacturing



## **VUCA world**

#### • Volatility

- Unstable and unpredictable resource cost and/or availability at unpredictable times and durations
- Expected fluctuations on resources with unknown timing, and magnitude
- Uncertainty
  - Lack of knowledge
  - Unclear impact of change, but cause and effect known
- Complexity
  - o Many interconnected parts
  - Complex regulatory/political environments, multiple component parts
- Ambiguity
  - Doubt about the nature of cause and effect
  - Little to no historical information to predict outcome
  - Difficult to forecast or plan for



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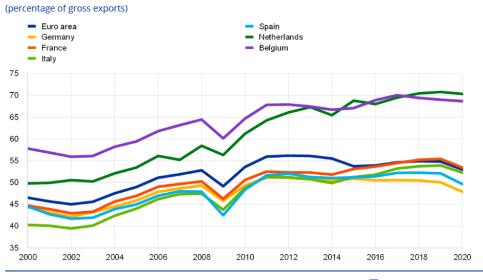
## **VUCA for manufacturing**

Term VUCA (Volatility, Uncertainty, Complexity, and Ambiguity), translated for manufacturing:

- Scale up or scale down in production capacity (e.g. starting with market testing and moving on to full-scale mass production, based on market acceptance);
- Introduction of new suppliers (material, semiproduct or machinery) in the manufacturing value chain, potentially affecting the final product quality;
- Reconfiguration of production to accommodate **multiple product variants**;
- Reconfiguration of production to address an unprecedented event (e.g. societal or political changes, new regulations).

#### **Chart A**

Global value chain participation in the largest euro area countries

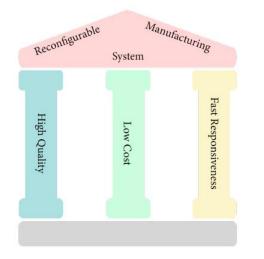


Source: ECB staff calculations based on the World Input-Output Database (WIOD, see: 🗳 www.wiod.org).



### **Reconfigurability as a Resilience Response**

- *Economy* RMS increase the manufacturing system value for the manufacturer, thereby making the business more profitable.
- Environment Usually refers to reducing carbon footprint and water usage, but the main contribution of RMS is obtained by not scrapping the old transfer lines every few years.
- Society Supplying high-quality products, exactly at the time that consumers need them.\*





## Where does R3GROUP stand on the resilience research?

#### **General Information**

Call Topic: HORIZON-CL4-2022-TWIN-TRANSITION-01-01 - Rapid reconfigurable production process chains (IA)

- 25 Partners from 11 countries
- 4 year project
- 5 Pilot Lines
- Ca. 9M€ EU contribution

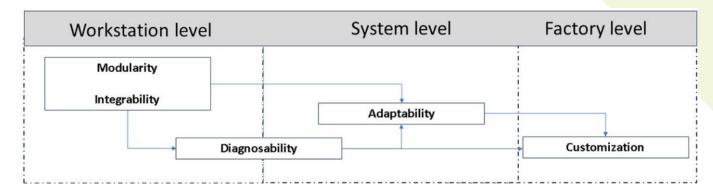
#### **Objectives**

Achieve Resilience through Rapid Reconfigurability:

- Develop tools to foster Rapid Reconfigurability
- Anticipate and capture weak signals from the VUCA environment and trigger reconfiguration
- Assess reconfigurability and resilience of a manufacturing system



## Reconfigurability on different levels



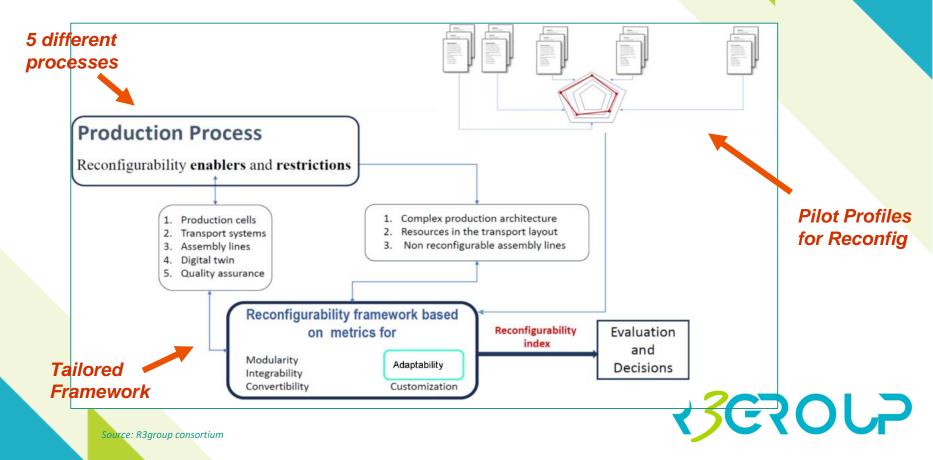
Different levels within a company or organisation when improving resilience through reconfigurability:

- Collaboration on the shopfloor or production cells
- Connected logistics, allowing for better planning and anticipation
- Cooperative plants, which can make scaling up or scaling down of a particular production process more smooth
- Cooperative ecosystems, in which all partners in a value chain are calibrated to deal with changes in production lines due to external shocks\*

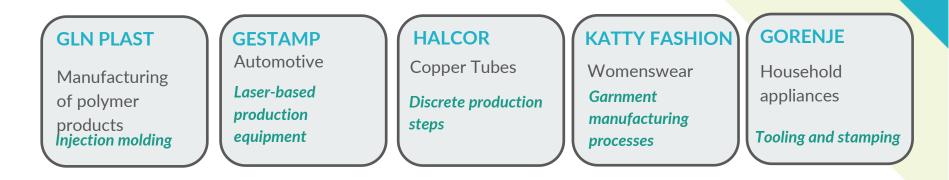
\*Source: El-Halwagi, M. M., Sengupta, D., Pistikopoulos, E. N., Sammons, J., Eljack, F., & Kazi, M. K. (2020). Disaster-resilient design of manufacturing facilities through process integration: principal strategies, perspectives, and research challenges. *Frontiers in Sustainability*, *1*, 595961.



### How to measure reconfigurability and resilience?



## The 5 R3GROUP Pilots

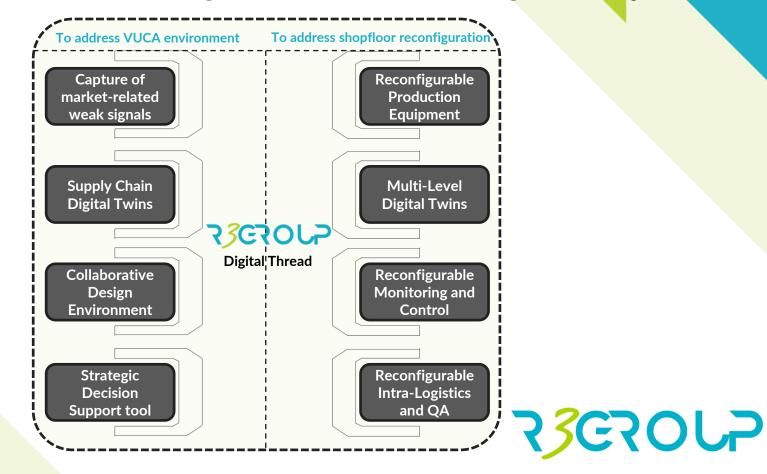


#### **Key Elements**

- Diverse sectors
- Different enterprise sizes
- Different digitalization levels
- Different challenges in terms of threats and disturbances from the VUCA environment

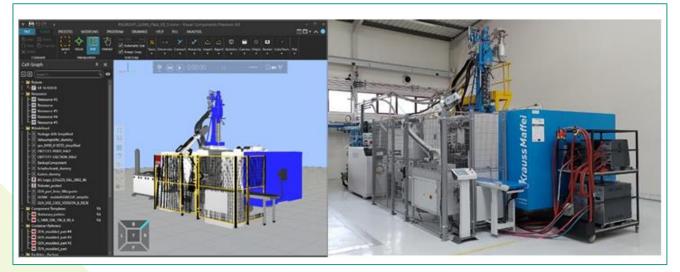


#### The R3GROUP technologies to foster reconfigurability

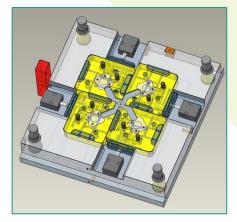


## **Deep Dive in Injection Moulding Pilot**

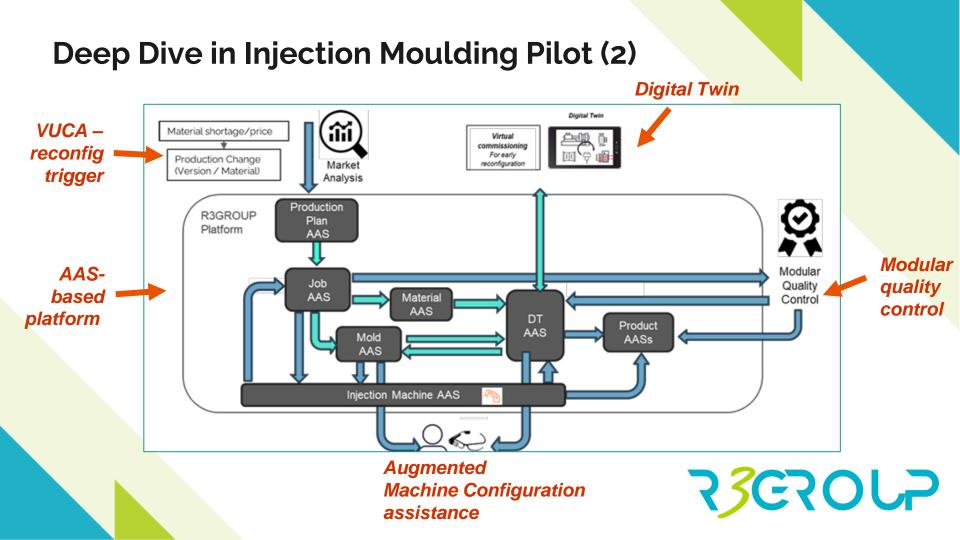
#### **Digital Twin**



#### **Modular Mould**







## Recommendations for Resilience and

Policy

- Broadening the JRC indicators on resilience to also include indicators for manufacturing
- Relate RRF funds -evaluation to monitoring of resilience in industry
- Develop a more fine-grained analysis of costs-benefits of different reconfigurability strategies
- In close cooperation with industry develop digital monitoring tools to support risk management models.

#### Industry

- Reconfigurability as a new modus operandi to increase resilience
- Improving reconfiguration through digitisation
- From resilience strategies to reconfiguration metrics
- Develop digital thread and have a data strategy
- Think about digital partners or inhouse skills development



## Position paper in the making

#### **Objectives and Planning**

- Better understand the concept of resilience in the context of manufacturing
- Connect elements of resilience to the concept of reconfiguration
- Explore reconfigurability indicators for our project

Concept Development	EFFRA session with sister project	First version position paper	Reviews	Publication	
Jan 2024	7-8 may 2024	end May 2024	June 2024	September 2024	
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