

KEY EMPLOYEE PLANNING: RECRUIT, RETAIN, REWARD, RETIRE

(800) 589-3000
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TODAY'S PRESENTER



Matt Erpelding

Advanced Markets Lead

(260) 478-0725

Matt.Erpelding@ashbrokerage.com



WHAT YOU WILL LEARN TODAY

- The role of 409A in employee retention plans
- Non-409A covered key employee plans
 - Where insurance fits in
 - Case studies
- 409A compliant key employee plans
 - Where life insurance fits
 - Case studies

The role of 409A in employee retention plans

- IRC 409A regulations govern how **non-qualified deferred compensation** plans must be designed and administered
- Applies to both elective (employee-funded) and non-elective (employer-funded) NQDC plans
- Non-compliance with 409A can result in unexpected tax liability for what was intended to be tax-deferred income

409A Plan design requirements include

- Participants must be “top-hat” employees
- Elective deferrals must be made in advance
- Distribution events limited to separation of service, death, disability, specified time, change in control, and unforeseeable emergency
- Timing of benefit payments must be elected in advance



NON-409A COVERED KEY EMPLOYEE PLANS

SECTION 162 BONUS PLAN

| Employer | Employee |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pays premium• Includes the premium in the employee's taxable income• Deducts the premium as a business expense | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Purchases and owns the policy• Pays the tax on the premium• Names beneficiaries• Access to living benefits |

Employee's Heirs

Family or other named beneficiaries receive policy proceeds at insured's death

FUNDING OPTIONS

- Life Insurance policy
 - Permanent: Death-benefit oriented
 - Permanent: Cash-value oriented
 - Long-Term Care/Chronic Illness riders
- Disability Income policy
- Linked-benefit policy
- Deferred annuity

LUMP SUM DEFERRED BONUS PLAN

Employer

- Pays premium for employer-owned life insurance
- Employer promises a specific bonus to be paid at a specific period in the future*
- Company has option to endorse a portion of the death benefit to key employee
- Employer retains ownership of policy until bonus is paid

Employee

- Pays income tax on economic benefit of endorsed death benefit as measured by Table 2001 rates/carer rates
- Designated beneficiaries receive tax-free death benefit if death occurs prior to bonus payment
- Bonus is taxable in year received

*If the bonus is not paid within 2½ months of the executive meeting the service requirement, the plan may become subject to Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 409A.

FUNDING OPTIONS

- Life Insurance policy
 - Permanent: Cash-value oriented
- Unfunded / mutual funds
- Combination of both

LOAN REGIME SPLIT DOLLAR PLAN

Employer

- Makes interest-free loan to employee to fund premiums
- Cumulative premiums booked as receivable note
- Repaid from policy death benefit upon death
- Upon termination of Split Dollar Agreement
 - Loan is paid back by employee
 - Loan amount is forgiven

Employee

- Owns life insurance policy funded by employer loans
- Collaterally assigns policy cash value and death benefit to employer to secure repayment obligation
- Recognizes imputed interest as taxable income annually
- Names beneficiary for death benefit in excess of repayment obligation

FUNDING OPTIONS

- Life Insurance policy
 - Permanent: Cash value oriented
 - Permanent: Death benefit oriented
 - Long-term care / chronic illness riders
 - Trust-owned policy (gifting considerations)
 - Single-life or survivorship

CASE STUDIES

- Nonprofit health care facility
- Dentist office
- University Coach / Credit Union CEO



409A COMPLIANT KEY EMPLOYEE PLANS

SUPPLEMENTAL EXECUTIVE RETIREMENT PLAN (SERP)

Employer

- Makes **unsecured promise to pay** future benefit
- May include a vesting schedule
- Bears investment risk
- Often with employment/non-compete agreement

Employee

- Forfeits any unvested benefits upon employment termination
- Pays income taxes only as benefits are actually received

SALARY / BONUS DEFERRAL PLAN

Employer

- Makes **unsecured promise to pay** currently deferred compensation
- Offers one or more options for crediting employee's account
- May offer employer match of deferred amounts
- Provides regular reporting to plan participants of account values

Employee

- Elects deferral amounts, up to 100% of compensation, on annual basis
- Elects allocation(s) to crediting methods
- Recognizes taxable income as benefits are received in retirement

SYNTHETIC EQUITY PLANS

Phantom Equity / Stock Appreciation Rights

Employer

- Makes **unsecured promise to pay** future benefit based on value or growth of company's stock
- Determines how PSU/SAR grants are tied to company/employee performance
- Determines how PSUs/SARs are valued based on valuation formula
- Determines vesting schedule
- Determines distribution triggers

Employee

- Has no actual rights to company stock
- Recognizes taxable income as benefits are received

FUNDING OPTIONS

- Unfinanced
 - Simple, but potentially risky
 - Company is contractually liable for benefit regardless of earnings
- Sinking Fund – Taxable Investments
 - Flexible (investment options), but potentially volatile
 - Highest cash flow to support tax on earnings
- Sinking Fund – Corporate Owned Life Insurance
 - Tax deferred earnings; tax-free distributions (subject to limitations)
 - Tax-free death benefit proceeds

CASE STUDY

5 person DC SERP plan/Natural Gas Company

QUESTIONS?

Remember ... **It's About a Plan**



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