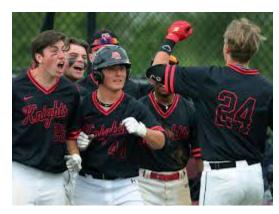
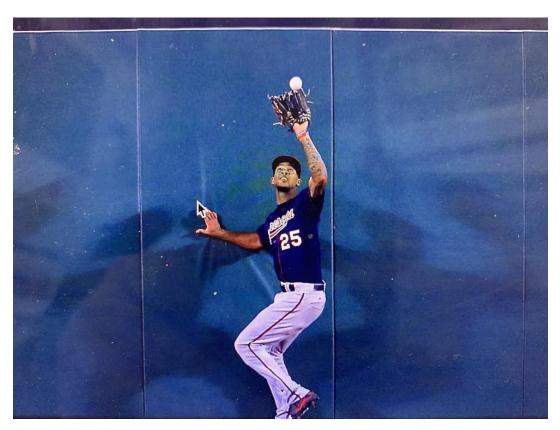
# Outfield Play - Todd Dulin - North Andover High School



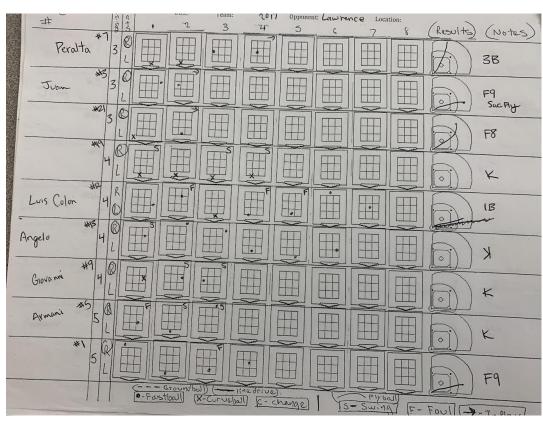




#### Movement - Runoffs



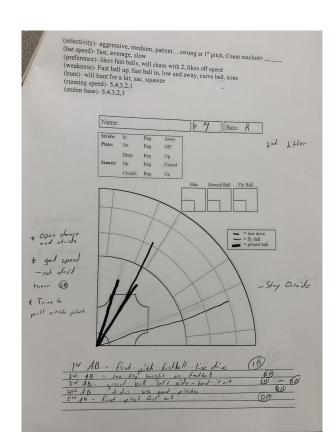
#### Scouting an At Bat



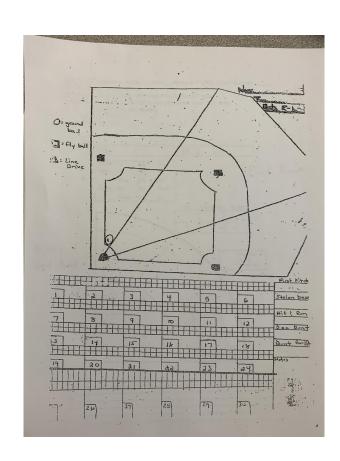
# Knowing Where the Ball is Going



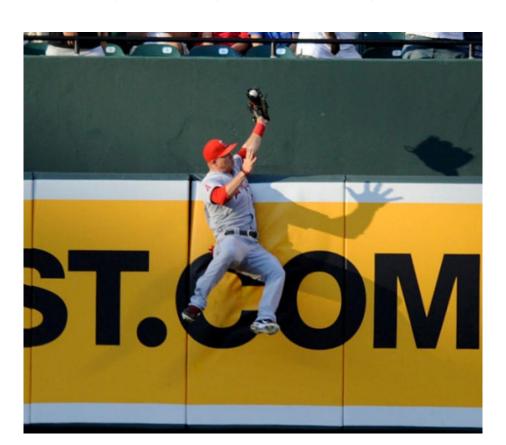
#### Game Report



## Career Report



## Movement - Reading Swings - Getting Jumps



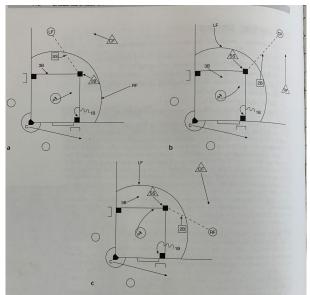
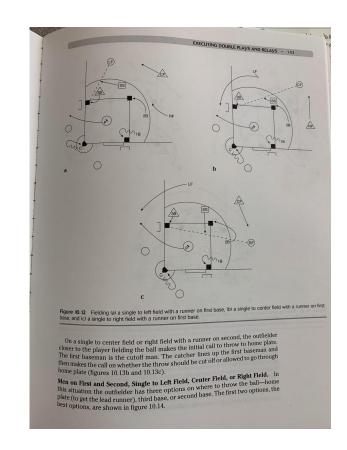
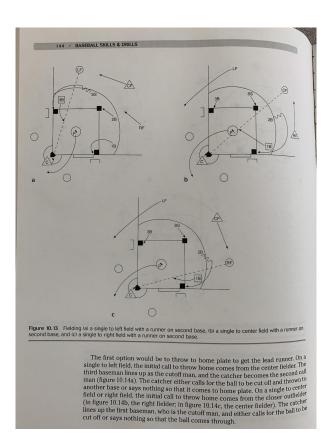


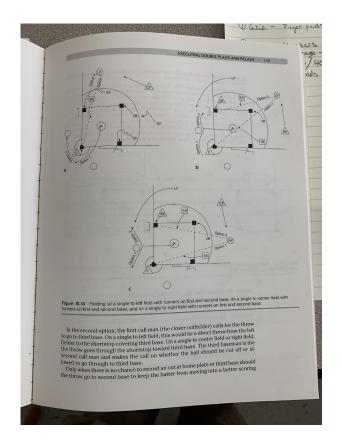
Figure 10.11 Fielding (a) a single to left field with no runners on base, (b) a single to center field with no runners on base, and (c) a single to right field with no runners on base.

to throw toward third base. The shortstop is the cutoff man, and the third baseman lines him up. The third baseman then makes the call on whether the ball should be cut off or allowed to travel through to third base (figure 10.12).

Man on Second, Single to Left Field, Center Field, or Right Field. On a single to left field with a runner on second, the center fielder makes the initial call for the left fielder to throw the ball to home plate. The third baseman is the cutoff man-free catcher lines up the third baseman in a straight line to home plate. The catcher (figure 10.13a).







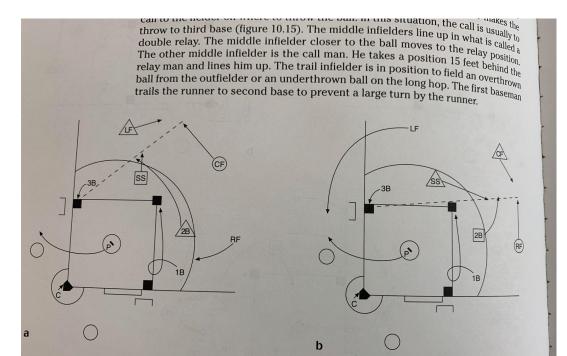
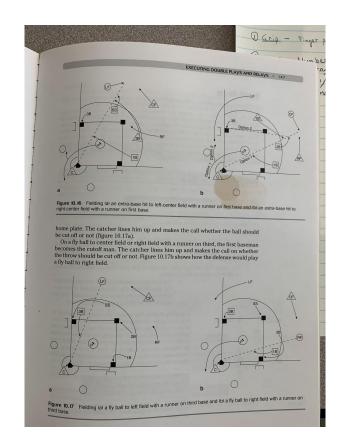
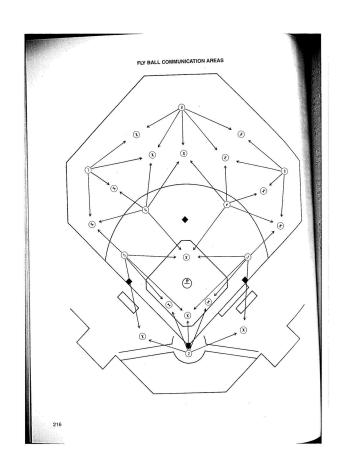


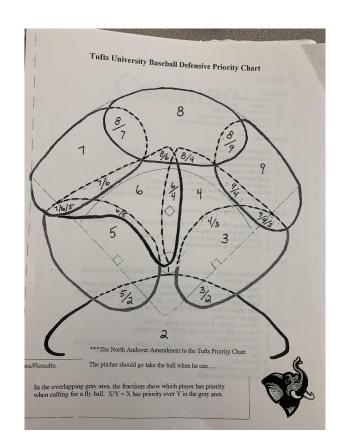
Figure 10.15 Fielding (a) an extra-base hit to left-center field with no runners on base and (b) an extra-base hit to right-center field with no runners on base



#### **Priorities**



#### **Priorities**



## Surround the Ball and Catch it on the Throwing Shoulder



# Throwing from the Outfield



# Moving to the Ball and Throwing



#### Ground Ball - Surround and Catch on Glove Foot

